

DFA Global Equity Portfolio (Class F) Performance Report Q1 2018

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The returns and other characteristics in this presentation are based on the relative weights of the underlying funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio—Class F. All data is in Canadian dollars. The indicated rates of return are the historical annual compounded total returns including changes in (share or unit) value and reinvestment of all (dividends or distributions) and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution, or optional charges or income taxes payable by any security holder that would have reduced returns.



Portfolio Overview

As of March 31, 2018

The portfolio seeks to offer diversified exposure to the global equity markets through a fund of funds structure.

The **Periodic Returns** table below features the portfolio's performance over three months, one, three, five, and ten years (as applicable), and since its first full month.

The **Asset Allocation** chart (top right) shows the portfolio's percent weighting to equity (by region), real estate, and fixed income asset classes.

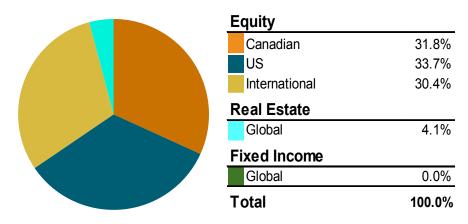
The **Holdings** table (bottom right) lists the funds held in the portfolio and their quarter-end weightings.

The following pages provide a more detailed view of the portfolio's characteristics and returns by region, country, and asset class.

Periodic Returns (%)'

							Since First	Inception
Portfolio	YTD	3 Mo	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Full Month	Date
Global Equity Portfolio	-1.63	-1.63	7.67	7.13	10.28	N/A	12.06	9/11

Asset Allocation



Holdings

DFA Canadian Core Equity Fund	22.2%
DFA Canadian Vector Equity Fund	9.5%
DFA US Core Equity Fund	11.8%
DFA US Core Equity Fund (Hedged)	11.8%
DFA US Vector Equity Fund	5.0%
DFA US Vector Equity Fund (Hedged)	5.1%
DFA International Core Equity Fund	10.6%
DFA International Core Equity Fund (Hedged)	10.7%
DFA International Vector Equity Fund	4.5%
DFA International Vector Equity Fund (Hedged)	4.5%
DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund	4.1%
Total	100.0%

^{1.} Periodic Returns are for Class F shares of the DFA Global Equity Portfolio.

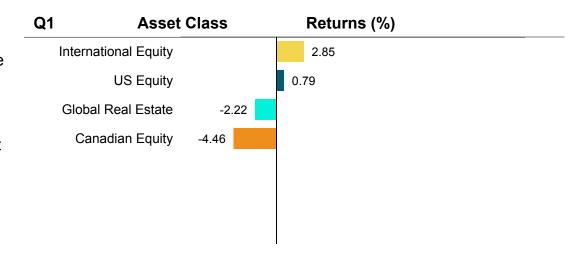


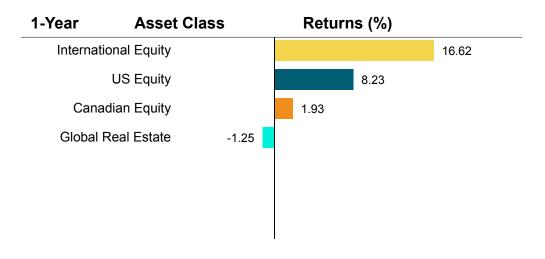
Asset Class Returns

As of March 31, 2018

Broad diversification involves holding a wide range of asset classes in markets around the world. These assets may not perform the same way over time, and in fact, this dissimilar performance can reduce volatility and improve total returns in a portfolio. Diversification neither assures a profit nor guarantees against loss in a declining market.

The performance tables at right show ranked returns of the portfolio's major asset classes for the past quarter and twelve months.





Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Asset Class returns are gross of fees.

The returns above are based on the relative weights of the portfolio holdings of the underlying funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio as listed on page 1. Equity allocations include REITS in the Canadian, US and International Core Equity funds (see page 1) but exclude securities in the DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund. The Global Real Estate allocation excludes REITs in the hedged and unhedged classes of the Canadian, US, and International Core Equity funds (see page 1). US and International equity returns exclude the effects of currency hedging in the hedged classes.



Equity Returns by Country

As of March 31, 2018

Global diversification can help reduce the risks of investing in a single country. Diversification neither assures a profit nor guarantees against loss in a declining market. The vertical bar graphs display one-year ranked returns for countries in the portfolio's equity allocations. The tables indicate equity allocation weights and number of holdings per country.

Developed Markets Emerging Markets Weights # of Weights # of Country 1-Year Returns (%) (% of Equity Allocation) Holdings 1-Year Returns (%) (% of Equity Allocation) Holdings Country Austria 41.2 0.1 57.2 Czech Republic 0.0 26.7 0.1 Portugal 14 37.9 Peru 0.0 26.3 Finland 0.4 56 30.7 16 Greece 0.0 25.4 0.2 66 Norway 30.2 China 2.4 514 Denmark 25.1 0.4 52 30.0 Turkey 0.1 22.9 0.7 115 Italy 28.7 Hungary 0.0 2.0 France 17.6 189 26.4 Brazil 0.6 135 17.3 0.4 137 Singapore 23.8 Thailand 0.2 107 Germany 17.1 1.9 195 20.3 22 Russia 0.1 15.5 6.0 1600 Japan 18.4 Chile 41 0.1 Netherlands 15.3 8.0 67 18.0 Ireland 0.1 15 14.0 South Africa 0.7 118 United Kingdom 13.6 3.9 422 17.2 Taiwan 1.2 427 0.7 Hong Kong 13.4 237 15.7 Korea 1.3 383 New Zealand 0.1 12.5 48 13.2 Malaysia 0.2 122 Belgium 12.4 0.4 60 12.4 Egypt 0.0 Switzerland 1.5 138 10.0 10.3 Colombia 0.0 0.6 78 Spain 8.2 8.6 Indonesia 0.2 85 US 36.4 2552 7.6 8.2 0.9 343 India 0.7 Sweden 145 7.4 6.9 47 Poland 0.1 Australia 1.7 287 2.7 0.2 **Philippines** 0.1 51 0.1 69 Israel 2.4 -6.0 0.3 80 32.0 Mexico Canada 465 1.8 **TOTAL TOTAL** 91.0 7040 8.5 2579

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Country Returns are gross of fees. Holdings are subject to change. Country Weights and Number of Holdings are an average over the past year taken at the beginning of each month and do not include allocation to cash in the portfolio; therefore, country weights may not sum to 100%. The returns above are based on the relative weights of the portfolio holdings of the underlying funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio as listed on page 1. Country returns, weights, and number of holdings exclude securities in the DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund. US, International Developed and Emerging Markets equity returns exclude the effects of currency hedging in the hedged classes. Country weights are broken down as a percentage of the equity allocation and not of the portfolio as a whole.

4

2

56

4

1

21



Canadian Equity Allocation

As of March 31, 2018

Canadian securities represent about one-third of the portfolio's equity allocation—an overweighting relative to the world market, as indicated in the **Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization** chart below.

The **Returns** table (top right) features quarterly and one-year performance of the portfolio's Canadian equity allocation compared to the S&P/TSX Composite Index. The Canadian equity return is gross of fees and the index return is gross of fees.*

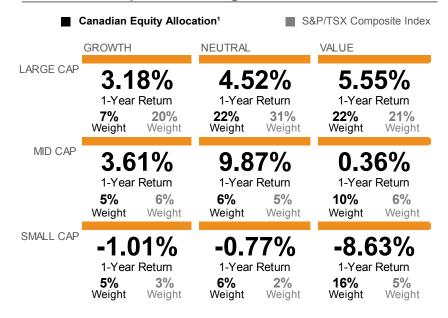
The **Market Component Weights and Performance** matrix (bottom right) breaks down the allocation's one-year performance by size and value components. Each box shows a particular component's one-year return and its weight in the Canadian equity allocation versus the S&P/TSX Composite Index. The matrix illustrates the portfolio's increased exposure to small cap and value companies, which have higher expected returns as well as higher expected risk and volatility. As shown in the following pages, all equity allocations in the portfolio offer this higher exposure to small cap and value companies.

Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization

Canadian Securities in Equity Allocation	33%	3%	Canadian Securities in MSCI All Country World IMI Index

Returns (%)*	Q1	1 Year	
Canadian Equity Allocation	-4.46	1.93	
S&P/TSX Composite Index	-4.52	1.71	

Market Component Weights and Performance*



^{1.} Canadian Equity Allocation and Market Component returns are gross of fees. Market Component Weights are an average over the past year taken at the beginning of each month.

*Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns above are based on the relative weights of the portfolio holdings of the underlying Canadian Equity funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio as listed on page 1. Equity allocation includes REITs in the Canadian Core Equity Fund (see page 1) but excludes Canadian securities in the DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund.

\$&P/TSX data provided by \$&P/TSX. MSCI data copyright MSCI 2018, all rights reserved. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. Small cap securities are subject to greater volatility than those in other asset categories. These risks are described in the prospectus.



US Equity Allocation

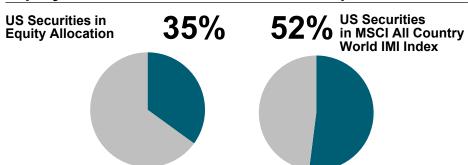
As of March 31, 2018

The portfolio has a lower weighting to US stocks relative to the US market's share of world market cap, as shown in the **Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization** chart below. The difference is due to Canada's higher weighting in the equity portion of the portfolio. However, ex Canada, the portfolio's US equity allocation is roughly proportional to the US market's share of the total world equity market.

The **Returns** table (top right) features quarterly and one-year performance of the portfolio's US equity allocation compared to the Russell 3000 Index. The US equity return is gross of fees and net of withholding taxes and the index return is gross of fees and withholding taxes.*

The Market Component Weights and Performance matrix (bottom right) breaks down the US allocation's one-year performance by size and value components. Each box shows a particular component's one-year return and its weight in the portfolio's US equity allocation versus the Russell 3000 Index.*

Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization



Returns (%)*	Q1	1 Year
US Equity Allocation	0.79	8.23
Russell 3000 Index	2.23	10.02

Market Component Weights and Performance*

■ US Equity Allocation¹ ■ Russell 3000 Index						
	GROWTH		NEUTRAL		VALUE	
LARGE CAP	1-Year 8%)2% Return 21% Weight	7.7 1-Year 19% Weight	Return 29%	5.1 1-Year 24% Weight	Return 20%
MID CAP	1-Year 3%	6% Return 4% Weight	10.2 1-Year 11% Weight	Return 9%	5.9 1-Year 12% Weight	Return 8%
SMALL CAP	1-Year 1%	Return 1% Weight	5.8 1-Year 7% Weight	Return	2.6 1-Year 15% Weight	Return 5%

1. US Equity Allocation and Market Component returns are gross of fees. Market Component Weights are an average over the past year taken at the beginning of each month. *Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns above are based on the relative weights of the portfolio holdings of the underlying US Equity funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio as listed on page 1, excluding the effects of currency hedging in the hedged classes. Equity allocation includes REITs in the hedged and unhedged classes of the US Core Equity fund (see page 1) but excludes US securities in the DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund. Russell data copyright © Russell Investment Group 1995–2018 all rights reserved. MSCI data copyright MSCI 2018, all rights reserved. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. Small cap securities are subject to greater volatility than those in other asset categories. These risks are described in the prospectus.



International Equity Allocation

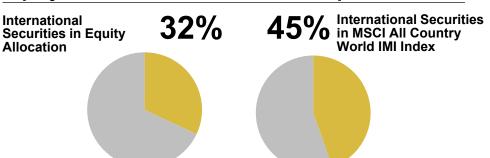
As of March 31, 2018

The portfolio's allocation to international developed market securities is lower than the international equity market's share of the world market, as indicated in the **Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization** chart below. However, after adjusting for Canada's higher weighting in the portfolio, the international equity allocation's weighting in the portfolio is similar to world market cap weightings.

The **Returns** table (top right) features quarterly and one-year performance of the portfolio's international equity allocation compared to the MSCI EAFE plus Emerging Markets Index (net div.). The international equity return is gross of fees and net of withholding taxes and the index return is gross of fees and net of withholding taxes.*

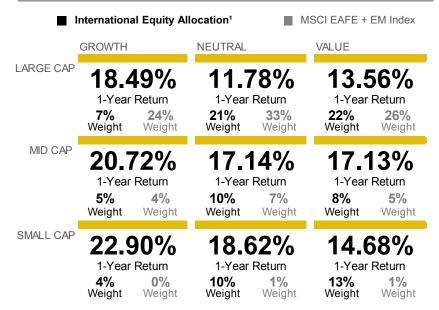
The Market Component Weights and Performance matrix (bottom right) breaks down the allocation's one-year performance by size and value components. Each box shows a particular component's one-year return and its weight in the portfolio's international equity allocation versus the MSCI EAFE plus Emerging Markets Index (net div.).*

Equity Allocation vs. World Market Capitalization



Returns (%)*	Q1	1 Year
International Equity Allocation	2.85	16.62
MSCI EAFE + Emerging Markets Index	2.13	13.47
(net div.)		

Market Component Weights and Performance*



fluctuation and political instability. Investing in emerging markets may accentuate these risks. These risks are described in the prospectus.

^{1.} International Equity Allocation and Market Component returns are gross of fees. Market Component Weights are an average over the past year taken at the beginning of each month. *Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns above are based on the relative weights of the portfolio holdings of the underlying International Equity funds in the DFA Global Equity Portfolio as listed on page 1, excluding the effects of currency hedging in the hedged classes. Equity allocation includes REITs in the hedged and unhedged classes of the International Core Equity Fund (see page 1) but excludes International securities in the DFA Global Real Estate Securities Fund. MSCI data copyright MSCI 2018, all rights reserved. Past performance is not a quarantee of future results. Risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. International investing involves special risks such as currency



Global Real Estate Allocation

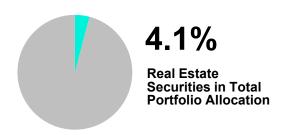
As of March 31, 2018

The portfolio's allocation to real estate securities offers cost-effective exposure to real estate and diversification by country, by type, and by size of REITs within the global real estate asset class.

The **Returns** table (top right) shows quarterly and one-year performance for the portfolio's global real estate allocation, compared to the S&P Developed REIT Index (net div.). The allocation's return is gross of fees and the index return is gross of fees.*

The vertical bar graph in the **Returns by Country** table (bottom right) shows one-year ranked returns of countries represented in the portfolio's global real estate allocation. The table also indicates weights and number of holdings by country.

Global Real Estate Allocation



Returns (%)*	Q1	1 Year	
Global Real Estate Allocation	-2.22	-1.25	
S&P Developed REIT Index (net div.)	-3.16	-3.78	

Country 1-Y	ear Returns	Weights (%)	# of Holdings
Spain		40.38 0.6	3
Ireland	2	9.80 0.2	3
Italy	29	9.13 0.1	2
Germany	23.9	0.2	3
France	21.22	2.1	9
Hong Kong	21.02	1.8	6
China	20.10	0.0	1
Belgium	18.73	0.7	12
Singapore	17.55	2.9	32
United Kingdom	16.28	4.8	24
South Africa	9.40	1.4	12
New Zealand	6.97	0.4	7
Canada	6.76	1.7	30
Netherlands	1.38	2.6	5
Japan -0.45		7.5	45
Mexico -3.07		0.7	8
Australia -3.61		7.3	29
US -5.39		64.6	151
	TOTAL	100.0	382

Global Real Estate Allocation and Country Returns are gross of fees. Country Weights and Number of Holdings are an average over the past year taken at the beginning of each month. *Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns above are based on the relative weights of the Global Real Estate Allocation and not of the portfolio as a whole. The Global Real Estate Allocation excludes REITs in the hedged and unhedged classes of the Canadian, US, and International Core Equity funds (see page 1). The S&P data are provided by Standard & Poor's Index Services Group. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Risks include loss of principal and fluctuating value. International investing involves special risks such as currency fluctuation and political instability. These risks are described in the prospectus. Diversification does not eliminate the risk of market loss.